

Употребление артиклей с именами собственными

Use of Articles with Proper Nouns

На географических картах названия принято давать без артиклей.

Артикли с географическими названиями ARTICLES WITH GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

Определенный артикль **THE**

1. Названия океанов, морей, проливов, каналов, рек, озер и водопадов: **the** Indian Ocean, **the** North Sea, **the** Bosphorus, **the** Gulf Stream, **the** Panama Canal, **the** Amur, **the** Thames (**the** River Thames), **the** Seliger, **the** Niagara Falls. Сравните: **the** Baikal, но Lake Baikal.

2. Горных цепей и групп островов:
the Rocky Mountains (**the** Rockies), **the** Ural, **the** Himalayas, **the** Kurilas, **the** Canaries, **the** Andes, **the** Alps.

3. Наименования регионов:
the Midlands, **the** Crimea, **the** Caucasus, **the** Middle East.

4. Названия пустынь:
the Gobi, **the** Sahara Desert, **the** Kara-Kum, **the** Kalahari.

! Названия стран, включающие такие нарицательные существительные, как: Union, Kingdom, States, Dominion, Federation, Republic: **The** Russian Federation, **the** United Kingdom, **the** Irish Republic, **the** Union States. В сокращениях определенный артикль сохраняется: **the** USSR, **the** USA, **the** UK.

! Названия стран во множеств. числе употребляются с определенным артиклем: **the** Netherlands, **the** Philippines.

! Если с названием полуострова стоит слово Peninsula, то употребляется определенный артикль: **the** Balkan Peninsula, **the** Kola Peninsula.

Без артикля

! Названия отдельных горных вершин и островов употребляются без артикля: Vesuvius, Elbrus, Everest, Cuba, Madagascar, Cyprus, Haiti, Kilimanjaro.

1) Названия континентов, стран, областей, городов, деревень:
Europe, Africa, France, Russia, California, Bavaria, Moscow, London.

2) Если существительное имеет определение типа north(ern), south(ern), ancient, old, central, medieval, east(ern):
Central America, South-East Asia, old England, western Europe, Ancient Russia.

3) Названия заливов и полуостровов:
Hudson Bay, Kamchatka, Scandinavia, Taimyr.

Артикли с другими названиями \ ARTICLES WITH OTHER NAMES

1. Названия театров, музеев, галерей, кинотеатров, отелей: **the** Bolshoi Theatre, **the** Vienna House, **the** opera House, **the** Hermitage, **the** Tate Gallery, **the** King David Hotel.

2. Кораблей, известных поездов: **The** Queen Elizabeth, **the** Titanic.

3. Названия английских и американских газет: **the** Times, **the** Sun, **the** Star.

4. Название организаций и политических партий: **the** United Nation, **the**

! Некоторые сокращения, превратившиеся в самостоятельные слова, артикль утрачивают: NATO, UNICEF, Xerox, Greenpeace.

! Названия музыкальных групп, если существительное стоит во единственном числе: Queen, ABBA.

! Артикль не употребляется, если для обозначения спортивного события используется географическое название:

BBC, **the** Labour Party.

5. Наименование большинства политических учреждений: **the** Kremlin, **The** House of Commons, **The** Senate, **the** Army, **the** State Department.

Исключения: Congress, Whitehall, Westminster, Downing street.

6. Названия музыкальных групп, если существительное стоит во множественном числе: **the** Beatles, **the** Rolling Stones.

7. Названия спортивных событий: **the** Olympic Games, **the** World Cup, **the** Final Cup.

! Исключение: Названия улиц, площадей и парков: **the** High Street, **the** Mall, **the** Strand, **the** Wall Street.

Wimbledon, Luzhniki, Royal Ascot, Henley.

1. Названия школ, колледжей, университетов: Salisbury Grammar school, Carnegie College, Surrey University.

2. Названия улиц, площадей, парков: Regent Street, Tverskaya Street, Broadway, Park Lane, Pennsylvania Avenue, Trafalgar Square.

3. Названия станций, аэропортов, мостов: Gatwick, Vnukovo, Victoria Station, Tower Bridge.

4. Церквей, соборов, приходов: St. Paul's Cathedral, Trinity Church, Westminster Abbey.

Артикли с уникальными именами существительными/ Articles with Unique Nouns

1) К числу слов, обозначающих единственные в своем роде предметы и явления, относятся следующие: the atmosphere, the cosmos, the earth, the equator, the east, the west, the north, the south, the galaxy, the globe, the ground, the horizon, the Milky Way, the Hemisphere, the moon, the North Pole, the North Star, the South Pole, the pope, the world, the stars, the solar system, the sun, the sky, the Universe, the Zenith, the weather, the Arctic Circle.

! Неопределенный артикль возможен, если у данных существительных есть описательное определение:

There was **a** three-quarter moon in the sky.

We all hope to see **a** better world. В выражениях: once in a blue moon – «очень редко», to be over the moon – «быть на седьмом небе от счастья», to cry for the moon – «желать чего-то невозможного»

2) С названиями изобретений употребляется только определенный артикль: **the** Periodic Table, **the** telegraph, **the** telephone.

! Существительное Earth в значении одной из планет употребляется без артикля и пишется с заглавной буквы: **The** Earth, но возможен и вариант: the earth.

1) Названия планет употребляются без артикля, так как являются именами собственными, восходящими к именам греческих и римских богов и богинь: Mercury, Saturn.

Артикли с личными именами/ ARTICLES WITH PERSONAL NAMES

1. При наличии определения или ситуации употребляется определенный артикль с именами собственными: - I met Murphy. – Do you mean the Murphy (who wrote all those grammar books?)

2. Существительные во множ. числе для обозначения всей семьи: The Roosevelts provided America with two students.

3) Личные имена становятся исчисляемыми существительными и могут употребляться с неопределенным артиклем (a/ an), если:

а) имя художника, изобретателя, промышленника используется для обозначения его произведения, труда, премии, продукции:

This small museum has **a** Levitan. Mine is **a** Panasonic, not a Sony. This film won **an** Oscar for Best Foreign Film.

б) личное имя используется для выражения типичных черт носителя этого имени: His daughter looks like **a** Cinderella. Mozart was called **the** Raphael of music. He is **a** typical Don Juan.

Личные имена (имена и фамилии людей) употребляются без артикля, даже если они имеют такие описательные определения, как little, old, young, dear, poor, honest, old Henry, poor Smith, little Monica.

Употребление артиклей с именами собственными. Use of Articles with Proper Nouns. Exercises.

1. Choose the right answer and fill in the gapes. Write the or – (no article)

- ... deepest lake in the world is ... a) Lake Ontario, b) ... Lake District, c) ... Lake Baikal.
- ... warmest of the three is ... a) ... Black Sea, b) ... Red Sea, c) ... Caspian Sea,
- ... longest river in the world is ... a) ... Nile, b) ... Volga, c) ... Mississippi
- ... largest ocean in the world is ... a) ... Atlantic Ocean, b) ... Pacific Ocean, c) ... Indian Ocean.
- ... highest mountains ere ... a) ... Himalayas, b) ... Alps, c) ... Caucasus.

2. Put the names in the right columns:

Corsica, America, Sakhalin, Strelkovka, Brompton Road, London, Baker Street, Tunb ridge Wells, Kent, Kaluga Region, Africa, France, Trafalgar Sqare, Korolyov Street, Elbrus, Everest, Cuba, Madagascar, Hyde Park, the Kunstkammer, Peterhof, Red Sqare, the Kremlin, St Basils Cathedral, the Bolshoi Theatre, the Hermitage, the Tretyakov Gallery, the Armory Chamber, The Tsar Bell, the Tsar cannon, the Mariinsky Theatre, the Sunner Garden

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3. Fill in the gapes with the or – (no article) and complete the sentences. Use the words: England, France, the USA, Italy, Russia, China, Germany

1. ... Eiffel Tower is in France. 5. ... Statue of liberty is in ...
2. ... Berlin Wall is in ... 6. ... Great Wall is in ...
3. ... Vatican Museum is in ... 7. ... natural history museum is in ...
4. ... Tsar Bell is in ...

4. *Fill in the gaps with the articles where it is necessary:*

1. Do you know about ... British Museum?
2. When we were in ... London, we lived in ... Arabella Hotel.
3. Let me show you the centre of ... Moscow: ... Red Square and ... Kremlin.
4. ... Trafalgar Square is in ... London.
5. ... America is a continent and ... USA is a country.
6. ... Oxford Street is very big.
7. ... Tretyakov Gallery is ... famous museum.

5. *Fill in the gaps with the or – (no article) and complete the sentences. Correct the false statements:*

1. ... moon goes round sun. 2. ... forests and ... oceans are a part of ... environment. 3. If you look at ... sky in the morning, you can something see ... moon. 4. The people of ... world must help the animals. 5. ... earth is the biggest planet in ... universe.

1. *Explain the using of the articles with the geographic names. Translate into Russian:*

1. **Asia Minor** is a great peninsula in **Western Asia**. It is washed by **the Black Sea** in the north, **the Mediterranean** in the south, and **the Aegean Sea** in the west. It is occupied today by **Turkey**. 2. **Murmansk** is on **the Barents Sea**. 3. **San Marino** lies in **the Apennine Mountains** near **the Adriatic Sea**, in **northern Italy**, in **Europe**. 4. **The Caribbean Islands** were bought by **the United States** from **Denmark** in 1917 and are now popular tourist centers. 5. **The Blue Nile**, and **the White Nile** meet **the Sudan** to form **the Nile**. 6. **The Monterey Peninsula** juts out into **the Pacific Ocean** halfway up **the California coast**. 7. **New York City** is situated on **the Hudson River** on **the East coast** of **the USA**. The heart of **New York** is the island of **Manhattan**. 8. **The Gulf Stream** originates in **the Gulf of Mexico**, swings around **Florida**. 9. **Lake Titicaca** which is between **Bolivia** and **Peru** is the world's highest large lake. 10. **The Bermuda Triangle** in the Atlantic Ocean is a famous area where ships and aircraft disappear under mysterious circumstances. 11. **The Colorado River** flows through **the Grand Canyon**. 12. **The Niagara Falls** are one of the wonders of the world.

2. *Fill in the gaps with the articles where it is necessary:*

1. ... Antarctic is the home for penguins, dolphins and whales. 2. She was sent to ... Persian gulf as a correspondent. 3. The highest peak in ... North America is ... Mount McKinley. 4. We took an unforgettable trip in ... Austrian Alps. 5. ... Iceland is the volcanic island, 6. If you want to see ... Lake Victoria and ... Mount Kilimanjaro, go to ... Kenya. 7. It has not rained for hundreds years in ... Atacama in ... South America. 8. Many centuries ago ... Vesuvius destroyed ... Pompei. 9. Life in ... Cyprus follows the rhythm of the sun. 10. ... French Riviera is on ... Mediterranean south coast of .. France. 17. ... Iran was known as ... Persia until 1934.

3. *Explain the using of the articles with the geographic names. Translate into Russian:*

1. Although **Australia** is the smallest continent, it is the largest island in the world. 2. **Luxemburg** is a small country in Europe between **France**, **Belgium** and **Germany**. 3. The population of **the Russian Federation** is about 150 million people. 4. **The Empire state Building in Fifth Avenue** is a symbol of **New York**. 5. **The Low Countries** include **the Netherlands**, **Belgium** and **Luxemburg**. They were so named because they are flat and near the sea level. 6. The six islands countries of **the West Indies** are **the Bahamas**, **Barbados**, **Cuba**, **the Dominican Republic**, **Haiti** and **Jamaica**. 7. We stayed at **the Viking Hotel in Copenhagen**, the capital of

Denmark. 8. **The South Bank Centre** in **London** consists of **the National Theatre, the National Film Theatre, the Museum of the Moving Image, the Hayward Gallery, the Festival Concert Hall.** 9. **The Washington Monument** gives a view of the city. 10. **The White House** is now better known around the globe than palaces in **Europe.** 11. **The Capitol** is the place where the inauguration of the President of **the USA** takes place. 12. **Eton College** is a famous and exclusive public school for boys. 13. **Heathrow** is the world's busiest international airport. 14. **The Great Wall** in **China** stretches for some 1,500 miles. 15. **Stonehenge** is located on **Salisbury Plain, in southern England.** 16/ Who will come to power at the next elections: **the Democratic** or **the Liberal Party**?

4. *Fill in the gaps with the articles where it is necessary:*

1. ... White Tower in London was built between 1078 and 1098. 2. They always stay at ... Coral Stands Hotel when they come to ... Sidney. 3. Excuse me, how can I get to ... Natural History Museum? 4. ... Supreme Court is the highest tribunal in ... USA. 5. ... Freer Gallery of Art has a rich collection of Asian and American Art. 6. – Does this bus go to the Sheremetyevo Airport? 7. You can say whatever you like in ... Speaker's Corner in ... Hyde Park. 8. You can get a ticket to ... Moscow International Festival. 9. Who built ... St. Basil's Cathedral? 10. Most news comes from ... BBC and ... CNN. 10. ... Buckingham Palace, ... Trafalgar Square, ... House of Parliament, ... Tower of London, ... Tower Bridge, ... National Gallery are the usual sights in ... English capital. 11. ... Mexico, ... New York, ... Tokyo are the biggest cities in the world. 12. ... London Zoo is the oldest in the world. 13. ... Statue of ... Liberty is a gift from the French people to the American people. It stands on ... Liberty Islands in ... New York harbor.

1. Какие из перечисленных ниже имен собственных употребляются с определенным артиклем?

A. Kilimanjaro, Jenisei, Bermuda, Elbrus, Hudson Bay, Laptev Sea, Urals, Kalahari, Volga, Carpathians, Indian Ocean, Etna, English Channel, Palm Beach, Olympus, Bridge of Sighs, Suez canal, Swallow Falls, London Bridge, Kara-Kum, Lake Chad, Amur.

B. united Arab Emirates, Sudan, far east, Brussels, Netherlands, Art theatre, Riviera, Northern Europe, St. James Park, Baker Street, Russian museum, Salisbury Cathedral, Wailing Wall, Middle East, Southern Africa, Roman empire, Miami Airport, Republic of Ireland, Athens, Winter palace, Republican Party, Eiffel Tower, National Association of Teachers, Alaska, Village of Sosnovka, Central Asia.

1. *Explain the using of the articles with the unique nouns. Translate into Russian:*

A. **The sun's** rays pass through the atmosphere to warm **the earth.** 2. **The North Star** is a guiding star. 3. When we don't get much rain, **the ground** gets very hard. 3. **The Sun** was shining brightly. 4. She felt herself to be the middle of **the world.** 5. **The equator** is an imaginary line round **the earth.** 6. **The wind** cannot caught in a net. 7. **The horizon** is the line at which the earth (sea) and sky seem to meet. 8. **The Galaxy** we live in is called **the Milky Way.**

B. 1. Through Internet you enter **a word** of information. 2. **A gentle wind** whispered in the trees. 3. **Venus** is a planet second in order from **the Sun.**

1. *Fill in the gaps with the articles where it is necessary:*

The Planets and their names

Our solar system is a small part of ... Galaxy. ... Universe includes billions of ... galaxies. our Galaxy is called ... Milky Way. We can see stars and planets from ... Earth. There are 10 planets: ... Sun and ... Moon, ... Mercury, ... Venus, ... Mars, ... Jupiter, ... Saturn, ... Uranus, ... Neptune, ... Pluto. The names of the planets came from Greek and Roman gods and goddesses.

... Sun is the giver of life to our solar system. ... Moon regulates Earth's oceans and human emotions. ... Moon symbolizes ... word of dreams, feelings and mysteries.

... Mercury is ... small, speedy planet closest to ... Sun. ... Venus takes its name after the Goddess Venus, who traditionally associated with love and beauty. If ... Venus is a female symbol, ... Mars is a male symbol. ... Jupiter was the king of the gods, thus it gives optimistic and good luck. ... Saturn is a dark, cold planet. ... Uranus is spontaneous and impulsive. ... Neptune is a watery planet. ... Neptune was the king of the sea in classical Roman mythology. ... Pluto is ... planet, which rules money and power.