

Урок - круглый стол «The Earth's smile» из цикла «Man and Natural world» подготовлен проведен в 9 классе по программе факультативного курса по английскому языку "Охрана окружающей среды".

THE EARTH'S SMILE.

Цели урока:

1. познавательный аспект - развитие способности осуществлять продуктивные речевые действия, адекватных цели и ситуации, к импровизации, к планированию своего высказывания, воображению.
2. развивающий аспект - развитие творческих способностей учащихся, ценностных ориентации, чувств и эмоций; развитие способности к логическому изложению.
3. воспитательный аспект - воспитание бережливого отношения к природе, осознание реалий природы, формирование самостоятельности.
4. учебный аспект - совершенствование речевых способностей сопутствующая задача - развитие умения читать с целью извлечения конкретной информации.

Задачи урока:

1. развивать и совершенствовать монологическую речь учащихся до уровня подготовленного собственного высказывания по теме "Man and natural world "
2. 2. тренировать в чтении с целью извлечения основной информации по теме "Man and Natural World"

ХОД УРОКА:

I. речевая зарядка

II. обсуждение поведения учащихся на природе и правильного отношения к ней

III. чтение текста

IV. домашние задание

Оборудование: плакаты экологического содержания, коллаж урока, эмблема урока "Earth's smile", фотографии г. Улан-Удэ, п. Иволгинска, рисунки учащихся.

I речевая зарядка

a) оргоммент

b) фонзарядка

Do all the good you can By all the
means you can, In all the ways you
can, In all the places you can, At all
the time you can, To all the people
you can, As long as ever you can.

P 1- T-CI-P 1,2 ...

в) собственная речевая зарядка

To-day we shall discuss some important problems connected with our topic Your home task v to think the men's influences on nature and how we have treat with it. First of all let's lister short dialogue which was prepared by your classmates and after that we'll start our discussion.



Обыгрывается ситуация " На отдыхе "(на поляне, в лесу) Входит мальчик. В руках у него магнитофон. Звучит громкая музыка, мальчик ведет себя вызывающе. Он срывает листья с деревьев, ломает ветки пинает ногой цветы. Целится из рогатки в птиц. Выбирает место и разводит костер. К мальчику подходят двое ребят из общества, «Друзья планеты».

P1: Who are you? What are you doing?

P2: I am on my way home from school. It's one of the last days of the term The weather is so nice that I decided to take a longer way home and have a picnic in the grove .

P3: You left all your rubbish on the ground. There are plastic bottles from juice .The flowers have been pulled out .Animals are frightened. The fire is burning. The air is polluted.

P2: The forest is big and there are a lot of places for others to have a rest . I am going to relax and have a good time . It is so noisy and dirty in the city.

T: Oh, students, What can you say about it ? The emblem of our lesson is the Earth's smile what; shal I we do to make the Earth smile?

P: I he boy wants to relax after a hard working day. But it is impossible to do it in a noisy city, so he decided to camp in the forest.

P: But he left the camp fire burning near a heap of dry leaves, this often causes a fores: tire .Have you ever seen a forest destroyed by the fire ?

P: I hat's awful thing to see .Campers must always remember to put out their camp fire and cover the place with earth .It is the duty of every camper to take the greatest care not to start a forest fire.

T: So children are all quite all right that the boy was not attentive towards the nature? What should we do? Look at these drawings and glue them to the lesson's emblem

Учащиеся прикрепляют запрещающие знаки на эмблему урока .

II . подготовленные монологические высказывания по теме

T: Let's continue our discussion. Look at the pictures and say please what problems are showed in these pictures .

Коллаж урока - вырубка леса загрязнение воды, производственное загрязнение, зоопарк

P: I he forests are in danger. The world has over 9 sq.km. of forests .But they are disappea fast not only because of the fires. Every day we use paper and furniture is made from wood too We use different kinds of wood for this and other things. Every year huge forests are different uses and a lot of forests are badly damaged that we shall hardly be able to recover.

P: You are quite right. If we go like this all forests on our planet may be destroyed.

P: By the way, some medicine comes from trees, plants, and flowers which grow in the forest. If we destroy these places we'll never find the cure. Everybody must know how import it is to care for our great land and save it from harm.

P: Besides the huge forests help to control the world's weather and to produce much oxygen n and breathe out carbon dioxide. We produce carbon dioxide when we burn things. Trees take this gas from air and produce oxygen. But in the last few years, people have cut down big areas of rainforest. This means there are fewer trees and of course, more carbon dioxide.

P: People say that the climate is changing a little from year to year. These changes can be dangerous for our fragile planet which needs more care.

P: I low can they be dangerous?

P: The hot summer in last year and different storms, I think is the result of the greenhouse effect Sunlight gives us heat and the heat warm the atmosphere on one hand and on the other



hand the heat goes back into space. Nowadays the air surrounding the earth has become much warmer because the heat can't go back into space again. That's why winter and summer temperatures in many places have become higher.

P: The weather influence on the people's health too

P: And what about the water ? Water is very important for life on the Earth. You know quite well that even in Irkutsk water is not good for drinking. It is dangerous to use and cook so we have to buy it.

P: That's true. But I want to speak about the Lake Baikal's problem. It is the deepest fresh water lake on the earth. The lake is very beautiful but now it is in great danger, because of the factories which are near it. At some places the water in the lake is so dirty that it can even kill water animals and plants in the Baikal and near it. |

T: People must take special care of wild animals. How do you think have wild animal future?

P: Some people often hunt tigers for fun and for their beautiful and expensive skin. They easily sell the skin and get a lot of money as the prices are high. The result is very sad. There are few Indian tigers on the earth now. Many of them are usually old and sick animals. Most tigers don't hunt people nowadays, but hide from them in deep, dark forest. And people have cut down already many trees.

P: Last time we spoke a lot about weather. Last summer was very hot in our region. In Moscow, there were terrible rainstorms in Novosibirsk, and other parts of our country.

III.

T: Last point is left. What is it ? You are quite right it is litter. Litter, rubbish is everywhere. This is a small text read it to yourself and answer the question Why do Americans say that litter bits hurt

Now look at these pictures. Do you recognize them ? (фотографии г.Улан-Удэ и п.Иркутск). Let's think together how we can clean and keep order in places where we live, «Words of advice» help you.

Words of advice.

1. Don't litter with paper, cans or bottles.
2. Plant more trees.
3. Feed birds in winter and help them survive in cold.
4. Clear rubbish from lakes and rivers.
5. Have showers, not bath. Showers use less water.
6. Don't put poisons into the water, air and soil.
7. Don't turn the planet into a pile of rubbish.

P; Now I understand my mistake

T; All right children, we return to the beginning of our lesson

Do all the good you can,
By all the means you can ,
In all the ways you can ,
In all the places you can ,
At all the times you can ,



To all the people you can
As long as ever you can .

IV. Home task. Write down the letter addressing to the citizens of our town to clean the streets near their houses. Thank you for the lesson.

